Fine Motor Development Chart

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Fine motor skills are finger and hand skills such as writing, cutting, opening lunch boxes, and tying shoelaces. The development of these skills relies upon the age appropriate development of physical skills (such as core trunk control and shoulder strength) providing the stable base from which the arm and hand can then move with control.

Note: Each stage of development assumes that the preceding stages have been successfully achieved.

How to use this chart: Review the skills demonstrated by the child up to their current age. If you notice skills that have not been met below their current age contact Kid Sense Child Development on 1800 KIDSENSE (1800 543 736).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Developmental Milestones</th>
<th>Possible implications if milestones not achieved</th>
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| 0 - 6 months | Reflexive grasp (at birth)  
Voluntary grasp (3 months)  
2 handed palmar grasp (3 months)  
1 handed palmar grasp (5 months)  
Controlled reach (6 months) | Poor muscle development and control  
Delayed ability to play independently  
Delayed sensory development due to delayed interaction with toys and other sensory objects |
| 6 - 12 months | Reaches, grasps, puts object in mouth  
Controlled release of objects  
Static Pincer grasp (thumb and one finger)  
Picks things up with pincer grasp (thumb and one finger)  
Transfers objects from one hand to another  
Drops and picks up toys | Poor development of hand and finger strength  
Poor manipulation of objects resulting in delayed play skills  
Delayed sensory development due to lack of sensory play experiences |
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Age Range</th>
<th>Fine Motor Skills</th>
<th>Self-Care Skills</th>
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| 1-2 years | • Builds tower of three small blocks  
  • Puts four rings on stick  
  • Places five pegs in pegboard  
  • Turns pages two or three of a book at a time  
  • Scribbles  
  • Turns knobs  
  • Paints with whole arm movement, shifts hands, makes strokes  
  • Self-feeds with minimal assistance  
  • Able to use signing to communicate  
  • Brings spoon to mouth  
  • Holds and drinks from cup independently | • Poor development of hand and finger strength  
  • Delayed independent play skills  
  • Delayed development of self care skills (such as eating)  
  • Delayed manipulation skills |
| 2-3 years | • Strings four large beads  
  • Turns single pages of a book  
  • Snips with scissors  
  • Holds crayon with thumb and fingers (not fist)  
  • Uses one hand consistently in most activities  
  • Imitates circular, vertical, and horizontal strokes  
  • Paints with some wrist action, makes dots, lines, circular strokes  
  • Rolls, pounds, squeezes, and pulls playdough  
  • Eats without assistance | • Delayed self-care skills (such as eating)  
  • Delayed pre-writing skill development  
  • Delayed manipulation of small objects such as toys, pencils and scissors  
  • Frustration when manipulating small toys and objects |
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<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Activities</th>
<th>Concerns</th>
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</table>
| 3 - 4 yrs    | \- Builds tower of nine small blocks  
\- Copies circle  
\- Imitates cross  
\- Manipulates clay material (rolls balls, makes snakes, cookies)  
\- Uses non-dominant hand to assist and stabilise the use of objects  
\- Snips paper using scissors | \- Delayed pre-writing skill development  
\- Frustration and/or avoidance of pencil based tasks  
\- Poor pencil grasp and pencil control  
\- Poor self-care skills (such as eating)  
\- Delayed drawing skills |
| 4 - 5 yrs    | \- Cuts on line continuously  
\- Copies cross  
\- Copies square  
\- Writes name  
\- Writes numbers 1-5  
\- Copies letters  
\- Handedness is well established  
\- Dresses and undresses independently | \- Difficulties holding and manipulating a pencil  
\- Difficulties learning to write name and other letters of the alphabet  
\- Dependence on caregivers for every day activities such as dressing  
\- Frustration and/or avoidance of pencil based tasks |
| 5 - 6 yrs    | \- Cuts out simple shapes  
\- Copies triangle  
\- Colours within lines  
\- Uses a 3 fingered grasp of pencil and uses fingers to generate movement  
\- Pastes and glues appropriately  
\- Can draw basic pictures | \- Difficulties learning to form letters and numbers correctly  
\- Poor handwriting  
\- Difficulties demonstrating academic ability on paper  
\- Fatigue during pencil based tasks  
\- Frustration and/or avoidance of pencil based tasks |
| 6 - 7 yrs | • Forms most letters and numbers correctly  
• Writes consistently on the lines  
• Demonstrates controlled pencil movement  
• Good endurance for writing  
• Can build Lego, K’nex and other blocks independently  
• Ties shoelaces independently | • Difficulties getting ideas down on paper  
• Experiences fatigue during handwriting tasks  
• Difficulty keeping up in class due to slow handwriting speed  
• Poor legibility of handwriting  
• May impact on self-esteem when comparing work to peers  
• Possible frustration and/or behavior difficulties due to avoidance of pencil based tasks |
|---|---|
| 7 - 8 yrs | • Maintains legibility of handwriting for entirety of a story | • Difficulty completing handwriting tasks in a timely manner  
• Experiencing fatigue during handwriting tasks  
• Poor academic achievement due to difficulty getting ideas down on paper  
• Difficulties due to avoidance of pencil based tasks |

This chart was designed to serve as a functional screening of developmental skills per age group. It does not constitute an assessment nor reflect strictly standardised research.

The information in this chart was compiled over many years from a variety of sources. This information was then further shaped by years of clinical practice as well as therapeutic consultation with child care, pre-school and school teachers in South Australia about the developmental skills necessary for children to meet the demands of these educational environments. In more recent years, it has been further modified by the need for children and their teachers to meet the functional Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA) requirements that are not always congruent with standardised research.
Contact us today to make an initial enquiry or book an assessment for your child on 1800 KID SENSE (1800 543 736)